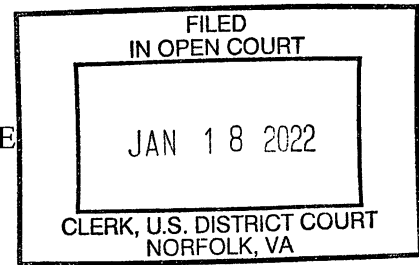


IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE
EASTERN DISTRICT OF VIRGINIA

Newport News Division



UNITED STATES OF AMERICA)
)
 v.) CRIMINAL NO. 4:21cr71
)
 MARLON MCKNIGHT,)
)
 Defendant.)

STATEMENT OF FACTS

If this matter were to proceed to trial, the United States of America would prove beyond a reasonable doubt, by competent and admissible evidence, the following facts:

1. The United States Small Business Administration (SBA) is an executive-branch agency of the United States government that provides support to entrepreneurs and small businesses. The mission of the SBA is to maintain and strengthen the nation's economy by enabling the establishment and viability of small businesses and by assisting in the economic recovery of communities after disasters.

2. As part of this effort, the SBA enables and provides for loans through banks, credit unions and other lenders. These loans have government-backed guarantees. In addition to traditional SBA funding programs, The CARES Act, which was signed into law in March 2020, established several new temporary programs and provided for the expansion of others to address the COVID-19 outbreak.

3. One of these new programs is the SBA Paycheck Protection Program (PPP), which is a loan designed to provide a direct incentive for small businesses to keep their workers on the

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payroll. Under this program, the SBA will forgive all or part of loans if all employees were kept on the payroll for eight weeks and borrowers submit documentation confirming that the loan proceeds were used for payroll, rent, mortgage interest, or utilities. Interested applicants apply through an existing SBA lender or any other participating federally insured financial institution.

4. The PPP application process requires applicants to submit a Borrower Application Form through an SBA-approved financial entity. The application contains information as to the purpose of the loan, average monthly payroll, number of employees and background of the business and its owner, including questions relating to criminal history. Applicants are also required to make good faith certifications, including that economic uncertainties have necessitated their loan requests for continued business operations and that they intend to use loan proceeds only for the authorized and not any duplicative purposes.

5. Another related response to the COVID-19 outbreak is an expansion of an existing disaster-related program - the Economic Injury Disaster Loan (EIDL) - to provide for loan assistance (including \$10,000 advances) for small businesses and other eligible entities for loans up to \$2 million. The EIDL proceeds can be used to pay fixed debts, payroll, accounts payable and other bills that could have been paid had the disaster not occurred; however, such loan proceeds are not intended to replace lost sales or profits or for expansion of a business.

6. Unlike certain other types of SBA-guaranteed loans, EIDL funds are issued directly from the United States Treasury and applicants apply through the SBA via an online portal and application. The EIDL application process, which also uses certain outside contractors for system support, collects information concerning the business and the business owner, including: information as to the gross revenues for the business prior to January 31, 2020; the cost of goods

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sold; and information as to any criminal history of the business owner. Applicants electronically certify that the information provided is accurate and are warned that any false statement or misrepresentation to the SBA or any misapplication of loan proceeds may result in sanctions, including criminal penalties.

A. First EIDL Application

7. On or about August 10, 2020, with respect to Count One of the Indictment, MARLON MCKNIGHT, the defendant herein (hereinafter "MCKNIGHT"), electronically applied for an EIDL (loan number ending 8205) using the company name of McKnight Cleaning Service. MCKNIGHT claimed that McKnight Cleaning Service was located at 20 Diamond Hill Rd., in Hampton, Virginia. Such application resulted in the electronic transmission of information between the Eastern District of Virginia and locations outside the Commonwealth of Virginia.

8. MCKNIGHT claimed that this business opened on February 14, 2014, with an ownership start date of February 14, 2015, and further listed it as a maid and cleaning service business with three (3) employees. The defendant claimed that the gross revenues for the 12 months prior to the disaster were \$85,000, and that the cost of goods sold was \$15,000. MCKNIGHT responded in the negative to a question about whether he had been convicted, plead guilty or placed on any form of parole or probation related to any felony. In fact, MCKNIGHT had recently been released to a halfway house after serving a sentence of imprisonment related to a prior federal fraud conviction that resulted in his incarceration from in or about November 2018 through in or about May 2020.

9. Following the submission of this EIDL application, MCKNIGHT was offered a loan of \$35,000, for which he accepted a loan agreement on or about August 11, 2020. MCKNIGHT contacted the SBA for status updates. The loan funded on or about August 13, 2020, and \$34,900 was deposited into the defendant's 1st Advantage Federal Credit Union bank account, which the defendant opened on or about July 7, 2020, and had an account balance of \$10.00. Between August 13-31, 2020, the defendant withdrew and/or transferred approximately \$22,900 of these proceeds. The remainder of the funds were all withdrawn in September 2020.

10. On or about January 19, 2021, MCKNIGHT contacted the SBA and inquired as to how to submit a request for an increase in the loan amount. The defendant submitted a false 2019 tax return in support of a request for an increase.

B. Second EIDL Application

11. On or about August 11, 2020, MCKNIGHT applied for a second EIDL (application number ending 2211), this time using the business name KCM Property Management. MCKNIGHT listed the business address as 20 Diamond Hill Road, in Hampton, Virginia. MCKNIGHT also indicated he employed four (4) individuals and received gross revenue of \$115,000 in the past twelve (12) months prior to the disaster, with cost of goods sold of \$75,000. MCKNIGHT responded in the negative to a question about whether he had been convicted, plead guilty or placed on any form of parole or probation related for any felony.

12. Following submission of this application, MCKNIGHT contacted the SBA about its status and was asked for additional information, including a recent business tax return. Although the defendant advised that he would submit tax documentation, he failed to do so. The SBA declined this application on or about August 26, 2020, due to unverifiable information.

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C. Third EIDL Application

13. On or about January 18, 2021, MCKNIGHT applied for a third EIDL (application number ending 7575), again using the business name McKnight Cleaning Services. MCKNIGHT listed the business address as 3 Sunbriar Way, in Hampton, Virginia. MCKNIGHT also indicated he employed five (5) individuals and received gross revenue of \$85,000 in the past twelve (12) months prior to the disaster, with cost of goods sold of \$15,000. MCKNIGHT responded in the negative to a question about whether he had been convicted, plead guilty or placed on any form of parole or probation related for any felony.

14. Following submission of the application, MCKNIGHT contacted the SBA about its status and was advised that this was a duplicate application to the prior one he had filed in August 2020.

D. PPP Application

15. On February 7, 2021, MCKNIGHT submitted an application for a PPP loan that was transmitted to the SBA, in the name of McKnight Cleaning Services. MCKNIGHT requested \$35,417.50 in loan proceeds. On this application, MCKNIGHT claimed that the business had five (5) employees with an average monthly payroll of \$14,167. MCKNIGHT claimed that the purpose of the loan was for payroll costs.

16. Question 6 of the PPP Borrower Application Form asked “Within the last 5 years, for any felony involving fraud, bribery, embezzlement, or a false statement in a loan application or an application for federal financial assistance, or within the last year, for any other felony, has the Applicant (if an individual) or any owner of the Applicant 1) been convicted; 2) pleaded guilty; 3) pleaded nolo contendere; 4) been placed on pretrial diversion; 5) been placed on any form of

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parole or probation (including probation before judgment)?” MCKNIGHT checked “NO” for this question and electronically signed his initials, verifying the accuracy of his response.

17. MCKNIGHT electronically signed this PPP application on February 7, 2021, attesting that the information provided was true and accurate and that he understood the criminal penalties associated with providing false statements to the SBA. The defendant submitted a photograph of his Virginia driver’s license and a false 2019 tax return along with the PPP application.

18. From on or about at least August 2020, to in or about at least February 2021, in the Eastern District of Virginia and elsewhere, MARLON MCKNIGHT, the defendant herein, devised and intended to devise a scheme and artifice to defraud, and to obtain money by means of materially false and fraudulent pretenses, representations, promises and omissions.

19. The defendant sought to fraudulently obtain disaster-related benefits in the form of SBA-sponsored Economic Injury Disaster (EIDL) loans and an SBA Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) loan.

20. In so doing, the defendant submitted applications (by electronic transmission of information in interstate commerce) for loans under the EIDL and PPP programs that contained false statements, misrepresentations and omissions related to the defendant’s income, employment, claimed business entities and his prior criminal record. The defendant falsely attested on the aforementioned loan applications that the information presented was true and accurate.

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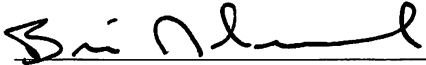
21. The defendant utilized a 1st Advantage Federal Credit Union account in order to receive disaster-related benefits. The defendant received and obtained approximately \$34,900 in EIDL proceeds into a 1st Advantage Federal Credit Union account.

22. The defendant misapplied the EIDL proceeds for purposes unrelated to those authorized by the United States Small Business Administration.

Respectfully Submitted,

Jessica D. Aber
UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

By:



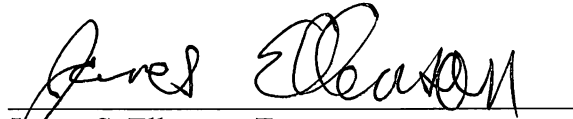
Brian J. Samuels
Assistant United States Attorney

After consulting with my attorney, I hereby stipulate that the above Statement of Facts are true and accurate, and that had the matter proceeded to trial, the United States could prove these facts beyond a reasonable doubt.



MARLON MCKNIGHT
Defendant

I am counsel for MARLON MCKNIGHT. I have carefully reviewed the above Statement of Facts with him. To my knowledge, his decision to stipulate to these facts is an informed and voluntary one.



James S. Ellenson, Esq.
Counsel for the Defendant

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