UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF MINNESOTA
Criminal No. 22-223(13) (NEB/DTS)

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

PLEA AGREEMENT AND SENTENCING STIPULATIONS

v.

AHMED ABDULLAHI GHEDI,

Defendant.

The United States of America and the defendant Ahmed Abdullahi Ghedi agree to resolve this case on the terms and conditions that follow. This plea agreement binds only the defendant and the United States Attorney's Office for the District of Minnesota. This agreement does not bind any other United States Attorney's Office or any other federal or state agency.

1. **Charges**. The defendant agrees to plead guilty to Count 12 of the Indictment, which charges the defendant with wire fraud, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1343, and Count 43, which charges the defendant with money laundering, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1957. The defendant fully understands the nature and elements of the crimes with which he has been charged. At the time of sentencing, the United States agrees to move to dismiss the remaining charges against him in the Indictment.

2. **Factual Basis**. The defendant is pleading guilty because he is in fact guilty of Count 12 and Count 43 of the Indictment. In pleading guilty, the defendant admits the following facts and that those facts establish his guilt beyond a reasonable

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doubt and constitute relevant conduct pursuant to the United States Sentencing Guidelines:

From in or about September 2020 through in or about January 2022, the defendant knowingly participated in a scheme to defraud the federal child nutrition program, a program designed to provide free meals to children in need. The defendant and his co-conspirators obtained, misappropriated, and laundered millions of dollars in program funds that were intended as reimbursements for the cost of serving meals to children. The defendants exploited changes in the program intended to ensure underserved children received adequate nutrition during the Covid-19 pandemic. Rather than feed children, the defendants took advantage of the Covid-19 pandemic—and the resulting program changes—to enrich themselves by fraudulently misappropriating millions of dollars in federal child nutrition program funds.

As part of the scheme, on or about September 4, 2020, a co-conspirator registered ASA Limited LLC with the Minnesota Secretary of State. Four days later, a co-conspirator applied for ASA Limited to operate a purported food site in the Federal Children Nutrition Program under the sponsorship of Feeding Our Future at the Gurey Deli, a small market located in a strip mall in St. Paul (the "ASA Limited site"). Within just three weeks of creating the ASA Limited site, the defendant and his co-conspirators fraudulently claimed to be serving meals to 2,000 or 3,000 children each day, seven days a week.

During the one-year period from September 2020 to September 2021, the defendant and his co-conspirators claimed to have served more than 1.6 million meals

at the ASA Limited site. In support of these claims, the defendant and his co-conspirators prepared and submitted inflated meal counts, fabricated invoices, and fake attendance rosters of purported children. For example, as alleged in Count 12 of the indictment, on November 4, 2021, one of the defendant's co-conspirators (and co-owner of ASA Limited) emailed Aimee Bock—the Executive Director of Feeding Our Future— fraudulent meal counts and a fake attendance roster, which traveled interstate.

The defendant also paid approximately $5,000 in kickbacks from ASA Limited LLC to Abdikerm Eidleh, the Feeding Our Future employee who served as the site support manager for the ASA Limited site. ASA Limited, of which the defendant was a co-owner, paid Eidleh an additional $49,000. These payments were made to entities controlled by Eidleh, in order to disguise the nature of the kickback payments and to make them appear legitimate. Feeding Our Future received more than $400,000 in administrative fees for sponsoring the ASA Limited site's fraudulent participation in the program.

Rather than use fraudulently obtained money to serve meals or feed children, the defendant and his conspirators fraudulently misappropriated much of it. On or about December 14, 2020, the defendant created AG Limited LLC. The defendant used AG Limited as a shell company to hide and disguise the source and ownership of his portion of the fraud proceeds. Between December 2020 and November 2021, the defendant deposited more than $2 million in Federal Child Nutrition Program funds into AG Limited LLC bank accounts. The defendant used this money to purchase

more than $245,000 in motor vehicles and to fund more than $200,000 in credit card spending. The defendant also transferred approximately $560,000 in Federal Child Nutrition Program funds to Cosmopolitan Business Properties LLC—a shell he co-owned with other co-conspirators—toward the purchase of a mansion and adjoining property located at 2722 and 2742 Park Avenue South in Minneapolis.

In addition, as alleged in Count 43 of the indictment, on or about March 3, 2021, in the State and District of Minnesota and elsewhere, the defendant knowingly engaged in a monetary transaction by, through, or to a financial institution, affecting interstate or foreign commerce, in criminally derived property of a value greater than $10,000, in violation of Title 18, United States Code, Section 1957, namely, the payment of $114,887 in Federal Child Nutrition Program funds to Gretna Auto Outlet for the purchase of a 2021 Cadillac Escalade.

Ultimately, based on fraudulent claims throughout the conspiracy, the defendant and his co-conspirators caused a loss of approximately $7.2 million to the Federal Child Nutrition Program reimbursements for meals purportedly served to children.

3. **Waiver of Pretrial Motions**. The defendant understands and agrees that he has certain rights to file pre-trial motions in this case. As part of the plea agreement, and based upon concessions of the United States within this plea agreement, the defendant knowingly, willingly, and voluntarily gives up the right to file any pre-trial motions in this case. The defendant agrees that, by pleading guilty, he is withdrawing any motions previously filed.

4. **Waiver of Constitutional Trial Rights.** The defendant understands that he has the right to go to trial. At trial, the defendant would be presumed innocent, have the right to trial by jury or, with the consent of the United States and of the Court, to trial by the Court, the right to the assistance of counsel, the right to confront and cross-examine adverse witnesses, the right to subpoena witnesses to testify for the defense, the right to testify and present evidence, and the right to be protected from compelled self-incrimination. The defendant understands that he has the right to an attorney at every stage of these proceedings and, if necessary, one will be appointed to represent him. The defendant understands that he has the right to persist in a plea of not guilty and, if he does so, he would have the right to a public and speedy trial. By pleading guilty, the defendant knowingly, willingly, and voluntarily waives each of these trial rights, except the right to counsel. The defendant understands that a guilty plea is a complete and final admission of guilt and, if the Court accepts the guilty plea, the Court will adjudge the defendant guilty without a trial.

5. **Additional Consequences**. The defendant understands that as a result of his conviction, he could experience additional consequences, such as the loss of the right to carry firearms, the right to vote, and the right to hold public office. If the defendant is not a United States citizen, as a result of a plea of guilty, the defendant may be removed from the United States, denied citizenship, and/or denied admission to the United States in the future. The defendant has discussed with his attorney the punishments and consequences of pleading guilty, understands that not

all of the consequences can be predicted or foreseen, and still wants to plead guilty in this case.

6. **Statutory Penalties**. The defendant understands that Count 12 of the Indictment, charging wire fraud in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1343, is a felony offense that carries the following statutory penalties:

a. a maximum term of imprisonment of 20 years in prison;

b. a supervised release term of up to three years;

c. a fine of up to $250,000, or twice the gross gain or loss from the offense, whichever is greater;

d. assessment to the defendant of the costs of prosecution as authorized by 28 U.S.C. §§ 1918(b) and 1920; and

e. a mandatory special assessment of $100 under 18 U.S.C. § 3013(a)(2)(A).

The defendant understands that Count 43 of the Indictment, charging money laundering in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 1957, is a felony offense that carries the following statutory penalties:

a. a maximum of 10 years in prison;

b. a supervised release term up to a maximum supervised release term of 3 years;

c. a maximum fine of $250,000, or twice amount of the criminally derived property, whichever is greatest;

d. restitution to victims as agreed to by the parties in this agreement;

e. a mandatory special assessment of $100 under 18 U.S.C. § 3013(a)(2)(A);

7. **Revocation of Supervised Release.** The defendant understands that if he were to violate any supervised release condition while on supervised release, the Court could revoke his supervised release, and the defendant could be sentenced to an additional term of imprisonment up to the statutory maximum set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3583(e)(3). *See* U.S.S.G. §§ 7B1.4, 7B1.5. The defendant also understands that as part of any revocation, the Court may include a requirement that he be placed on an additional term of supervised release after imprisonment, as set forth in 18 U.S.C. § 3583(h).

8. **Guidelines Calculations**. The parties acknowledge that the defendant will be sentenced in accordance with 18 U.S.C. § 3551, *et seq.* Nothing in this plea agreement should be construed to limit the parties from presenting any and all relevant evidence to the Court at sentencing. The parties also acknowledge that the Court will consider the United States Sentencing Guidelines in determining the appropriate sentence and stipulate to the following guideline calculations:

a. Base Offense Level. The parties agree that for Count 12 the base offense level is 7. U.S.S.G. § 2B1.1(a)(1).

The parties agree that for Count 43 the base offense level is the offense level for the underlying offense from which the laundered funds were derived, pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 2S1.1(a)(1). Therefore, the base offense level for Count 43 is 7 as calculated under Count 12.

b. Specific Offense Characteristics. The parties agree that for Count 12 an **18-level** enhancement applies pursuant to Guidelines § 2B1.1(b)(1)(J) because the loss was more than $3.5 million but not more than $9.5 million. The parties agree that the offense level should be increased by **2 levels** because the offense involved conduct described in 18 U.S.C. § 1040 (Fraud in Connection with a Major Disaster or Emergency Benefits). The parties agree that no other specific offense adjustments apply.

The parties agree that for Count 43 a **one-level** enhancement applies pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 2S1.1(b)(2)(A) because defendant was convicted under 18 U.S.C. § 1957.

c. Chapter 3 Adjustments. The defendant reserves the right to argue that he is eligible for a two-level reduction because he was a minor participant in any criminal activity pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 3B1.2(b). The government disagrees that the defendant is eligible for this two-level reduction.

The parties agree that Count 12 and Count 43 of the Indictment are grouped together into a single group because both counts embody conduct that is treated as a specific offense characteristic in the guideline applicable to the other count. U.S.S.G. § 3D1.2(c). Therefore, the offense level applicable to the group will be the highest offense level of the counts in the group, which would be 28 (as the government believes) or 26 (as the defendant reserves the right to argue). The parties agree that no Chapter 3 adjustments apply.

d. Acceptance of Responsibility. The government agrees to recommend that the defendant receive a 2-level reduction for acceptance of responsibility pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1(a). As the defendant has timely notified the government of his intention to enter a plea of guilty, the government agrees to recommend that the defendant receive an additional 1-level reduction pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1(b). Whether these reductions will be imposed shall be determined by the Court in its discretion. However, the defendant understands and agrees that the government's recommendations are conditioned upon the following: (1) the defendant testifies truthfully during the change of plea and sentencing hearings; (2) the defendant provides full, complete and truthful information to the United States Probation Office in the pre-sentence investigation; and (3) the defendant engages in no conduct inconsistent with acceptance of responsibility before the time of sentencing, including frivolously denying facts in the Presentence Report. Nothing in this agreement limits the right of the government, pursuant to U.S.S.G. § 3E1.1 and/or § 3C1.1 to seek denial of a reduction for acceptance of responsibility or an enhancement for obstruction of justice should the defendant engage in any conduct inconsistent with acceptance of responsibility, including moving to withdraw his guilty plea after it is entered.

e. Criminal History Category. The parties believe that, at the time of sentencing, the defendant will fall into Criminal History Category I. U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1. This does not constitute a stipulation, but a belief based on an assessment of the information currently known. The defendant's actual criminal history and related status will be determined by the Court based on the information presented in the Presentence Report and by the parties at the time of sentencing. The defendant understands that if the presentence investigation reveals any prior adult or juvenile sentence which should be included within his criminal history under the U.S. Sentencing Guidelines, the defendant will be sentenced based on his true criminal history category, and he will not be permitted to withdraw from this Plea Agreement. U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1.

f. Zero-Point Offender Adjustment. The parties believe that the defendant has zero criminal-history points and no disqualifying conduct, and as such, the parties believe that, at the time of sentencing, the defendant will defendant qualify for a 2-level adjustment under U.S.S.G. § 4C1.1. This does not constitute a stipulation, but a belief based on an assessment of the information currently known. The defendant's actual criminal history and related status will be determined by the Court based on the information presented in the Presentence Report and by the parties at the time of sentencing. The defendant understands that if the presentence investigation reveals any conduct in is criminal history under the U.S. Sentencing Guidelines renders him ineligible for a 2-level adjustment under U.S.S.G. § 4C1.1, the defendant will be sentenced based on his true criminal history category, and he will not be permitted to withdraw from this Plea Agreement. U.S.S.G. § 4A1.1.

g. Guidelines Range. If the adjusted offense level is **23**, and the criminal history category is I, the Sentencing Guidelines range is **46 - 57** months of imprisonment. If, as the defendant reserves the right to argue, the adjusted offense level is **21**, and the criminal history category is I, the Sentencing Guidelines range is **37 - 46** months of imprisonment.

h. Fine Range. If the adjusted offense level is **23**, the Sentencing Guidelines fine range is **$20,000** to **$200,000**. U.S.S.G. § 5E1.2(c)(3). If the adjusted offense level is **21**, the Sentencing Guidelines fine range is **$15,000** to **$150,000**. U.S.S.G. § 5E1.2(c)(3).

9. **Discretion of the Court**. The foregoing stipulations are binding on the parties, but do not bind the Court. The parties understand that the Sentencing Guidelines are advisory and their application is a matter that falls solely within the Court's discretion. The Court may make its own determination regarding the applicable guideline factors and the applicable criminal history category. The Court may also depart from the applicable Guidelines. If the Court determines that the applicable guideline calculations or the defendant's criminal history category are different from that stated above, such a determination shall not provide a basis for the parties to withdraw from this agreement, and the defendant will be sentenced pursuant to the Court's determinations.

10. **Agreements as to Sentencing Recommendation**. The parties are free to recommend whatever sentence they deem appropriate. The parties reserve the right to make a motion for departures from the applicable Guidelines range pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a), to oppose any such motion made by the opposing party, and to argue for a sentence outside the applicable Guidelines range. If the Court does not accept the sentencing recommendation of the parties, the defendant will have no right to withdraw his guilty plea.

11. **Special Assessment**. The Sentencing Guidelines require payment of a special assessment in the amount of $100 for each felony count of which the defendant is convicted. U.S.S.G. § 5E1.3. The defendant agrees that the special assessment is due and payable at the time of sentencing.

12. **Restitution Agreement**. The defendant understands and agrees that the Mandatory Victim Restitution Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3663A, applies and that the Court is required to order the defendant to make restitution to the victims of his crime. The defendant understands and agrees the Court may order the defendant to make restitution to any victim of the scheme regardless of whether the victim was named in the Indictment. The defendant agrees that he owes restitution in the amount of $2,862,451.

13. **Disclosure of Assets.** The defendant will fully and completely disclose to the United States Attorney's Office the existence and location of any assets in which the Defendant has any right, title, or interest, or over which the defendant exercises control, directly or indirectly, including those assets held by a spouse, nominee or other third party, or any business owned or controlled by the defendant. The defendant agrees to assist the United States in identifying, locating, returning, and transferring assets for use in payment of fines and/or forfeiture ordered by the Court. The Defendant agrees to complete a financial statement within two weeks of the entry of his guilty plea. The defendant further agrees to execute any releases that may be necessary for the United States to obtain information concerning the defendant's assets and expressly authorizes the United States to obtain a credit report on the defendant to evaluate his ability to satisfy financial obligations imposed by the Court. If requested by the United States, the defendant agrees to submit to one or more asset interviews or depositions under oath.

14. **Forfeiture.** The defendant agrees to forfeit to the United States, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 981(a)(1)(C) and 28 U.S.C. § 2461(c), all property, real or personal, which constitutes or is derived from proceeds traceable to wire fraud, as charged in Count 12 of the Indictment, including but not limited to:

(1) a 2021 Jeep Grand Cherokee, VIN: 1C4RJFN96MC659204;

(2) The real property located at 2722 Park Avenue South, Minneapolis, Minnesota;

(3) The real property located at 2742 Park Avenue South, Minneapolis, Minnesota;

(4) A Palmetto State Armory PA-15 multi caliber rifle, serial number SCB003791, and ammunition and accessories seized therewith, seized from 2722 Park Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota on January 20, 2022;

(5) An Anderson Manufacturing AM-15 multi caliber rifle, serial number 20113938, and ammunition and accessories seized therewith, seized from 2722 Park Avenue, Minneapolis, Minnesota on January 20, 2022; and

(6) $1,231.07 seized from Bell Bank, account No. 6521110434, in the name of ASA Limited LLC.

The Defendant agrees that the United States may, at its option, forfeit the property through civil, criminal or administrative proceedings, waives any deadline or statute of limitations for the initiation of any such proceedings, and abandons any interest he may have in the property. The Defendant waives all statutory and constitutional defenses to the forfeiture and waives any right to contest or challenge (including direct appeal, habeas corpus, or any other means) such forfeiture, directly or through any company he owns or controls, on any grounds. To the extent the Defendant has requested remission or mediation of the forfeiture of the property, he

withdraws any such requests. The Defendant agrees not to assist any third party in challenging the forfeiture of the property.

The Defendant consents to the entry of a money judgment forfeiture in the amount of $2,862,451, which represents the amount of proceeds he obtained from the wire fraud scheme alleged in Count 12 of the Indictment. The defendant will receive a credit against the money judgment forfeiture for the net value of all property that is forfeited from him in this matter. The United States reserves the right to seek forfeiture of substitute assets and any additional directly forfeitable property.

15. **Waivers of Appeal and Collateral Attack.** The parties hereby waive the right to appeal any non-jurisdictional issues. This appeal waiver includes, but is not limited to: the defendant's waiver of the right to appeal guilt or innocence, any issues relating to the negotiation, taking or acceptance of the guilty plea, the sentence imposed or any issues that relate to the calculation of the Guidelines range, the supervised-release term and conditions imposed, any restitution obligations, and the constitutionality of the statutes to which the defendant is pleading guilty. The parties agree, however, that excluded from this waiver is an appeal by defendant of the substantive reasonableness of a term of imprisonment above the top of the Guidelines range, and an appeal by the government of the substantive reasonableness of a term of imprisonment below the bottom of the Guidelines range.

The defendant also waives the right to collaterally attack his conviction and sentence under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 except based upon a claim of ineffective assistance of counsel. This collateral-review waiver does not operate to waive a collateral

challenge under 28 U.S.C. § 2255 based on new legal principles enunciated in Supreme Court case law decided after the date of this Plea Agreement that are both substantive and have retroactive effect. For purposes of this provision, legal principles that are substantive and retroactive are those that narrow the reach of the offense of conviction and render the defendant's conduct non-criminal or that render the sentence imposed illegal.

The defendant has discussed these rights with the defendant's attorney. The defendant understands the rights being waived, and the defendant waives these rights knowingly, intelligently, and voluntarily.

16. **FOIA Requests.** The defendant waives all rights to obtain, directly or through others, information about the investigation and prosecution of this case under the Freedom of Information Act and the Privacy Act of 1974, 5 U.S.C. §§ 552, 552A.

17. **Complete Agreement.** This, along with any agreement signed by the parties before entry of plea, is the entire agreement and understanding between the United States and the defendant. By signing this plea agreement, the defendant acknowledges: (a) that the defendant has read the entire agreement and has reviewed every part of it with the defendant's counsel; (b) that the defendant fully understands this plea agreement; (c) that no promises, agreements, understandings, or conditions have been made or entered into in connection with his decision to plead guilty, except those set forth in this plea agreement; (d) that the defendant is satisfied with the legal services and representation provided by defense counsel in connection with this

plea agreement and matters related to it; (e) that the defendant has entered into this plea agreement freely, voluntarily, and knowingly; and (f) that the defendant's decision to plead guilty in accord with the terms and conditions of this plea agreement is made of the defendant's own free will.

Dated: 6/26/2025

JOSEPH H. THOMPSON
Acting United States Attorney

BY: MATTHEW S. EBERT
HARRY M. JACOBS
DANIEL W. BOBIER
Assistant United States Attorneys

Dated: 6/26/2025

AHMED ABDULLAHI GHEDI
Defendant

Dated: 6/26/2025

GLENN P. BRUDER
Counsel for Defendant