(b)(1)(C), due to large scale drift net fishing, the Secretary shall certify that fact to the President. Such certification shall be deemed to be a certification for the purposes of section 8(a) of the Fishermen's Protective Act of 1967 (22 U.S.C. 1978(a)).''.

(c) REPORT ON EFFORTS TO PREPARE AND ADAPT UNITED STATES FISHERY MANAGEMENT FOR THE IMPACTS OF CLIMATE CHANGE.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 2 years after the date of enactment of this title, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit a report to Congress examining efforts by the Regional Fishery Management Councils, the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission, and the National Marine Fisheries Service to prepare and adapt to the impacts of climate change.

(2) CONTENTS OF STUDY.—The report required under paragraph (1) shall include—

(A) an examination of current or previous efforts (including the 2016 GAO Report on Federal Fisheries Management), and whether those efforts have resulted in changes to management, by the Regional Fishery Management Councils, the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission, and the National Marine Fisheries Service to prepare and adapt Federal and jointly managed fisheries for the impacts of climate change;

(B) an examination of any guidance issued to the Regional Fishery Management Councils by the National Marine Fisheries Service to prepare and adapt Federal fishery management for the impacts of climate change and whether and how that guidance has been utilized;

(C) identification of and recommendations for how best to address the most significant economic, social, ecological, or other knowledge gaps, as well as key funding gaps, that would increase the ability of the Regional Fishery Management Councils, the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission, or the National Marine Fisheries Service to prepare and adapt fishery management for the impacts of climate change;

(D) recommendations for how the Regional Fishery Management Councils, the Atlantic States Marine Fisheries Commission, and the National Marine Fisheries Service can better adapt fishery management and prepare associated fishing industries and dependent communities for the impacts of climate change; and

(E) recommendations for how to enhance the capacity of the National Marine Fisheries Service to monitor climate-related changes to fisheries and marine ecosystems, to understand the mechanisms of change, to evaluate risks and priorities, to provide forecasts and projections of future conditions, to communicate scientific advice, and to better manage fisheries under changing conditions due to climate change.

SA 2620. Mr. LANKFORD submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2499 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL to the bill S. 178, to condemn gross human rights violations of ethnic Turkic Muslims in Xinjiang, and calling for an end to arbitrary detention, torture, and harassment of these communities inside and outside China; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

SEC. ___. SUPPLEMENTAL EMERGENCY UNEMPLOYMENT RELIEF FOR GOVERNMENTAL ENTITIES AND NONPROFIT ORGANIZATIONS.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 903(i)(1)(B) of the Social Security Act (42 U.S.C. 1103(i)(1)(B)) is amended by striking ''one-half'' and inserting ''100 percent''.

(b) EFFECTIVE DATE.—The amendment made by subsection (a) shall take effect as if included in the enactment of the Relief for Workers Affected by Coronavirus Act (contained in subtitle A of title II of division A of the CARES Act (Public Law 116–136)).

SA 2621. Mr. BLUNT (for himself, Mr. CRAMER, Mr. DAINES, and Mr. SULLIVAN) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 2499 proposed by Mr. MCCONNELL to the bill S. 178, to condemn gross human rights violations of ethnic Turkic Muslims in Xinjiang, and calling for an end to arbitrary detention, torture, and harassment of these communities inside and outside China; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

SEC. 3. SUSTAINING TOURISM ENTERPRISES DURING THE COVID–19 PANDEMIC.

(a) SHORT TITLE.—This section may be cited as the ''Sustaining Tourism Enterprises During the COVID–19 Pandemic Act'' or the ''STEP Act''.

(b) TOURISM AND EVENTS SUPPORT AND PROMOTION.—Title II of the Public Works and Economic Development Act of 1965 is amended by inserting after section 207 (42 U.S.C. 3147) the following:

''SEC. 208. TOURISM AND EVENTS SUPPORT AND PROMOTION.

''(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of enactment of the Sustaining Tourism Enterprises During the COVID–19 Pandemic Act, the Secretary shall provide grants to eligible entities—

''(1) to assist with loss of revenue due to the economic impact of the Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID–19); and

''(2) to promote economic recovery in communities affected by a decline in tourism and events due to COVID–19.

''(b) ELIGIBLE ENTITIES.—An entity eligible to receive a grant under this section is an entity that performs tourism promotion responsibilities, hosts, organizes, owns, operates, or staffs an event venue, a convention, or a trade show, or provides services as a concessionaire to events and tourism locations, including—

''(1) a State tourism board or department;

''(2) a political subdivision or instrumentality of a State or local government;

''(3) a unit of local government, including a county government;

''(4) a Tribal government;

''(5) a multijurisdictional or regional group;

''(6) a nonprofit organization described in section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of that Code;

''(7) a quasi-governmental organization; and

''(8) a private business.

''(c) APPLICATION.—To be eligible to receive a grant under this section, an eligible entity shall submit to the Secretary an application at such time, in such manner, and containing such information as the Secretary may require.

''(d) SELECTION.—The Secretary shall select eligible entities to receive grants under this section based on factors to be determined by the Secretary, using the best available data, including economic impact information provided by applicants, such as information on job losses faced by the eligible entity or within the industry of the eligible entity, to address the economic recovery needs in areas impacted by the decline in travel, tourism, and events activities, and the associated revenues, due to COVID–19.

''(e) USE OF FUNDS.—

''(1) IN GENERAL.—An eligible entity may use the funds from a grant under this section—

''(A) to pay costs associated with tourism marketing and promotion activities necessary to assist with economic recovery from lost revenue due to COVID–19, including to purchase advertisements from local media outlets, including on radio and television broadcast stations and in newspapers, for the purpose of marketing, public awareness, or information campaigns relating to local tourism;

''(B) to pay costs to promote economic recovery in communities impacted by a decline in travel, tourism, and events revenue as a result of COVID–19, including through the provision of information on the safety and security of sites for traveler or attendee awareness;

''(C) to pay cleaning and sanitary costs, including physical modifications, associated with precautions to provide for safe worker, traveler, or event environments; and

''(D) to pay the costs of salaries and expenses associated with the operations of the eligible entity with respect to activities described in subparagraphs (A), (B), and (C).

''(2) PROHIBITION.—Funds from a grant under this section may not be used for activities related to or for purposes of lobbying any governmental entity.

''(f) DISTRIBUTION.—Of the amounts made available to carry out this section—

''(1) $2,000,000,000 shall be for expedited grants to eligible entities to offset revenue losses due to the economic impact of COVID–19; and

''(2) any remaining amounts shall be for grants for activities described in subparagraphs (A) through (D) of subsection (e)(1).

''(g) MAXIMUM AMOUNT OF GRANT.—An eligible entity may not receive a grant under this section in an amount that is—

''(1) in the case of a grant under subsection (f)(1), more than 80 percent of the loss in revenue experienced by the eligible entity during the period beginning March 1, 2020, and ending on the date of submission of the application, as compared to the same period in 2019; and

''(2) in the case of a grant under subsection (f)(2), more than 80 percent of the revenue of the eligible entity during calendar year 2019.

''(h) LIMITATION.—

''(1) IN GENERAL.—Not more than 15 percent of the amounts made available to carry out this section may be used to provide grants to eligible entities that are private businesses.

''(2) PRIORITY.—The Secretary shall give priority for the amounts under paragraph (1) to private businesses that are small business concerns (within the meaning of section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632)).

''(i) NO CEDS REQUIRED.—To receive a grant under this section, an eligible entity shall not be required to have a comprehensive economic development strategy.

''(j) WAIVER.—The Secretary may waive, or specify alternative requirements for, any provision of any statute or regulation that the Secretary administers in connection with a grant under this section if the Secretary determines that any such waivers or alternative requirements are necessary to expedite or facilitate the use of the amounts made available under this section.

''(k) FEDERAL SHARE.—Notwithstanding section 204, the Federal share of the cost of an activity carried out with a grant under this section shall be 100 percent.

''(l) ADMINISTRATION.—

''(1) IN GENERAL.—Not more than 2 percent of the amounts made available to carry out this section may be used for the administrative costs of carrying out this section.

''(2) STAFFING.—

''(A) TEMPORARY APPOINTMENT.—The Secretary may appoint and fix the compensation