

CONCLUSION

Petitioner has included her bank statements and payroll documents for 2022 year. This is to demonstrate that the disaster loans she received sustained her business and survived Covid 19 as congress intended. The government prosecuted her and did not allow the civil procedure within SBA and other agencies like IRS to resolve the issue. The ultimate goal for disaster loans was to safeguard businesses; this happened but the government shut down petitioners businesses and sent her to prison. Over 50 of her workers were rendered jobless as a result. This was against congressional intent for disaster loans. The decision to place criminal liability for a disaster loan that was used for legitimate business purposes as stipulated by SBA is capricious and arbitrary.

petitioner entrusted her attorney with her liberty and that trust resulted in a horrific injustice.

Therefore petitioner asks the court to consider all aggregated errors that prejudiced her and vacate the guilty plea and the sentence.

petitioner asks the court to place a stay on the monetary penalty of 547095.07 until final disposition of this case. Finally petitioner requests the court to grant her all such relief she is entitled or is proper including an evidentiary hearing.

respectfully submitted

02/05/2025

Gladys Harun

145. My PPP and EIDL loans were used on my franchisee business.
however I matched them to help the community in Middle Georgia

146. I offered tax related free and discounted services that
costed me roughly 500,000\$

146. Documentation from Jackson Hewitt shows this.

147. Prosecution took a blind eye on my charity work in Georgia
never recognized it and insisted that I spent disaster loans on
international charity work.

148. Petitioner's disaster loans not only helped her business
stay afloat but helped her achieve philanthropic purposes by
helping middle Georgia community.

149. I declare the above to be true according to my belief and knowledge